

Plant & Food
RESEARCH

RANGAHAU AHUMĀRA KAI



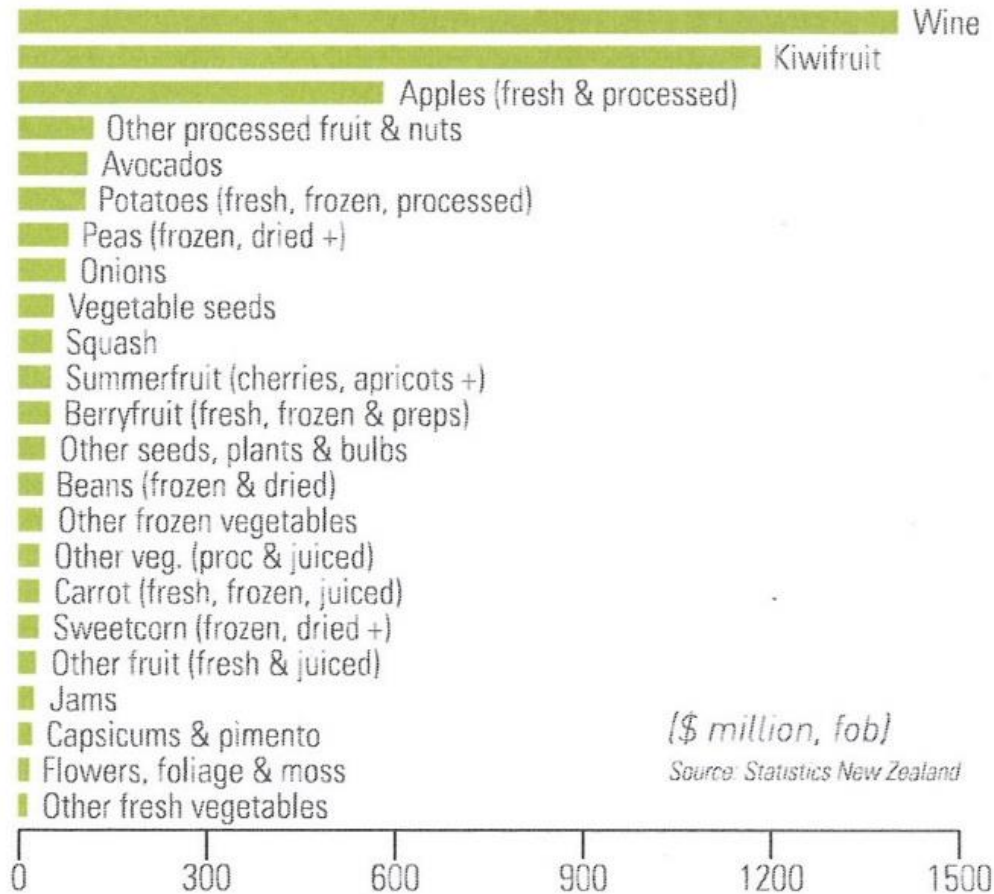
The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited

Insights into the latest New Zealand viticultural innovations

Damian Martin
Science Group Leader – Viticulture & Oenology
Plant & Food Research Marlborough
June 2016

Wine is New Zealand's largest horticultural export

Horticultural exports 2015 (\$ million, fob)

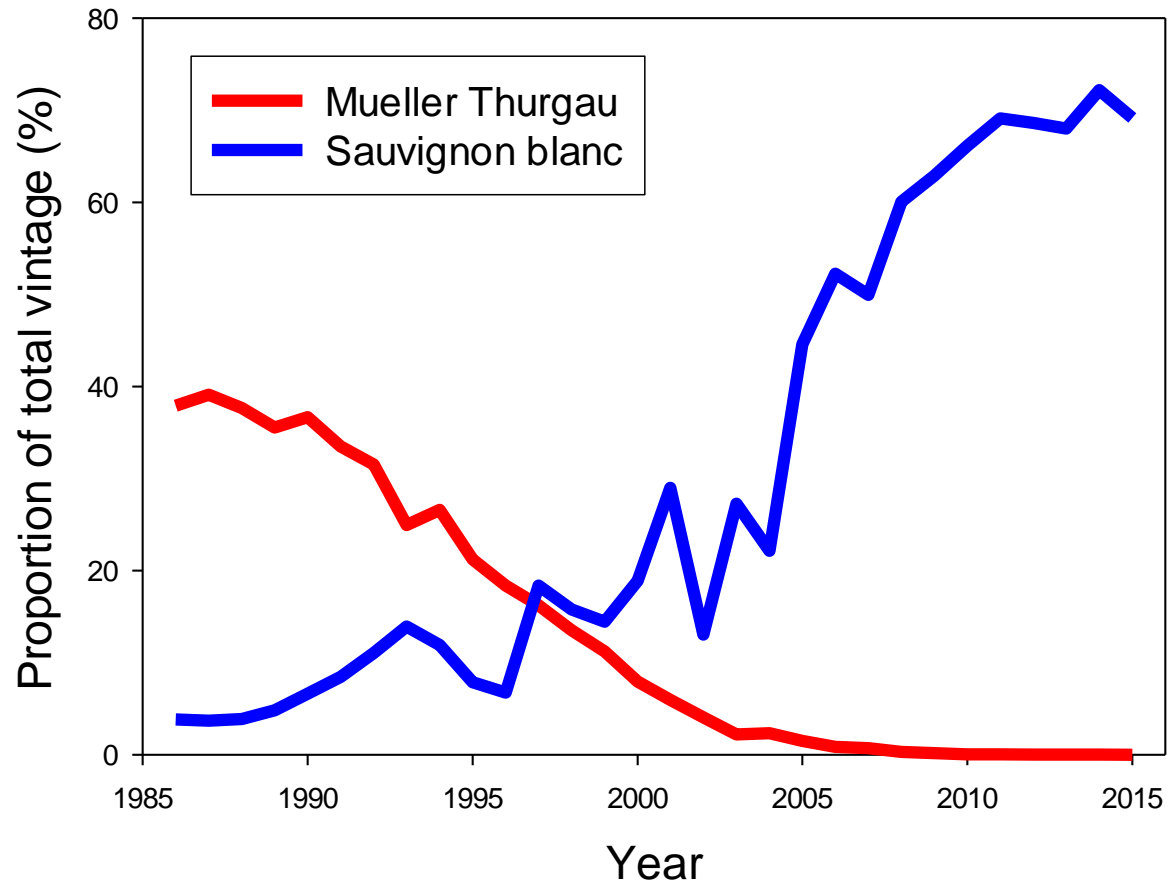


(\$ million, fob)
Source: Statistics New Zealand

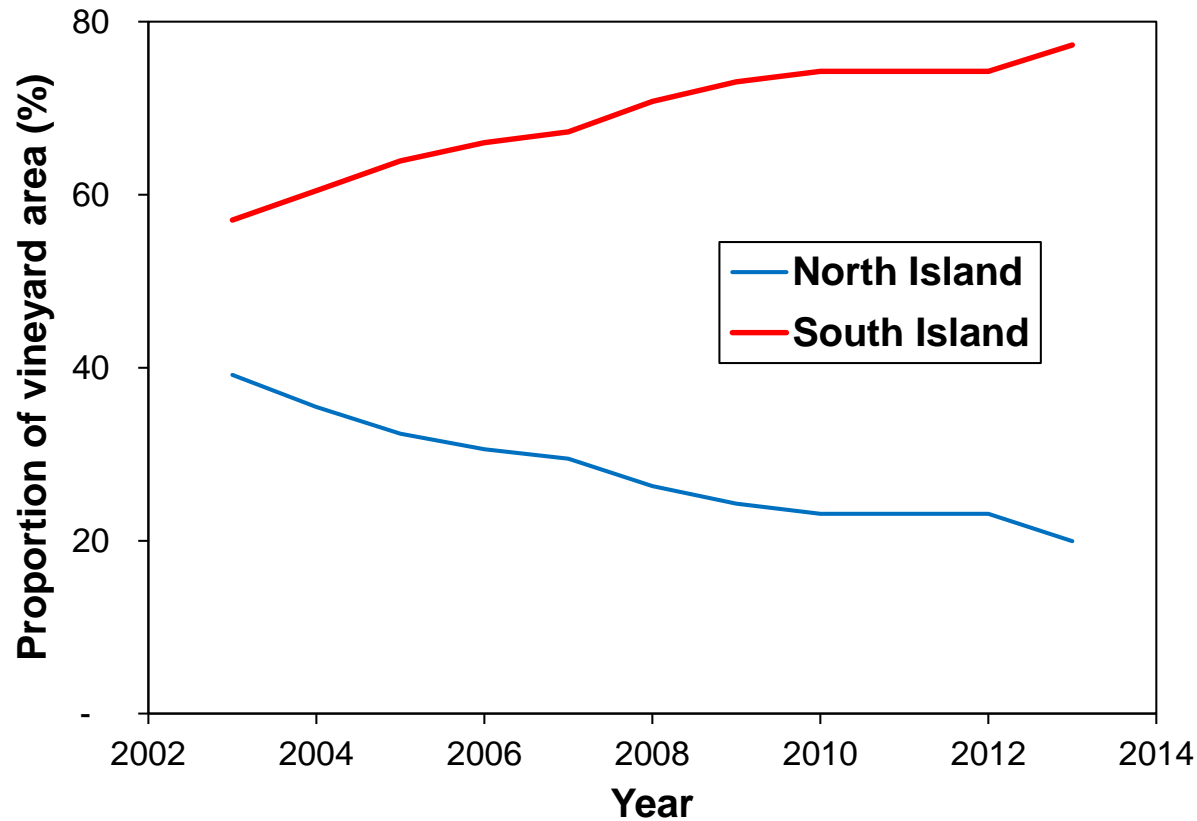
Source:
Fresh Facts 2015



A dramatically changing varietal mix



A changing regional vineyard distribution



Grape & Wine Research

- » Dec 15 year \$1.5B in export (\$2.8B total revenue)
- » 6th largest export sector
- » National GWRP budget of ca. \$7.0M
- » **Key partners:**
 - » New Zealand Winegrowers (NZW)
 - » Plant & Food Research
 - » University of Auckland (UoA)
 - » Lincoln University
- » NZW/MBIE Partnership recently approved
- » Members rate R&D most valued NZW service*



Key wine sector risks

- » Availability of irrigation water in dry years
- » Key competitors (Chile, SA) closing the style/quality gap
- » Frequency of extra warm vintages (i.e. 1998)
- » Increasing production costs
- » Short commercial vineyard life spans (trunk disease, virus)
- » Biosecurity



Glassy winged sharp shooter + Xylella

Virus – mild strain cross protection



- » Many strains of GLVaR-3
- » Some appear more pathogenic than others
- » Looking for mild strains of virus to vaccinate vines
- » Multi regional replicated trial established
- » 4 varieties inoculated with 3 different strains of GLVaR-3
- » Karmun Chooi, Arnaud Blouin (PFR)

Virus – mild strain cross protection



- » Possible differences in the severity and timing of foliar symptom expression in Merlot and Pinot noir



Sensing trunk disease



Increasing commercial lifespan of NZ vineyards

- » TD a looming problem in NZ
- » 60% of Marlborough vineyards <15 years old
- » Vigorous higher cropping Sauvignon blanc very susceptible
- » Sniff out trunk disease prior to onset of visible symptoms

Sensing trunk disease



Increasing commercial lifespan of NZ vineyards

- » eNose and/or olfactory sensor arrays
- » In vivo detection of specific volatile compounds produced by wood fungi
- » Proof of concept for European canker in apples
- » Work on *Eutypa* and *Botryosphaeria* in grapevines is pending



Virus – Mealybug control strategies



- » Requires a combination of tactics
- » Appropriate use of mealybug sex pheromones (2 species):
- » Kill mealybugs but not other insects:
 - » targeted, occasional use of selective insecticides
- » How to monitor, identify and spray hotspots?
- » Remove disruption of biocontrol by ants.



Virus – mealybug biocontrol



Biocontrol options:

- » Keep mealybugs on sward in summer rather than move up to vines
- » Managing natural enemies
- » Accommodate overwintering strategies of parasitoids
- » How to manage parasitoid habitat to improve biocontrol.

Biosecurity – future challenges



- » More invasive species incursions, some accumulation of major pests
- » New organisms without surveillance systems (plant pathogens)
- » New organisms with surveillance systems but no good eradication tools
- » Socially acceptable surveillance systems and eradication tools
- » Classical Biological Control with more rapid biosafety

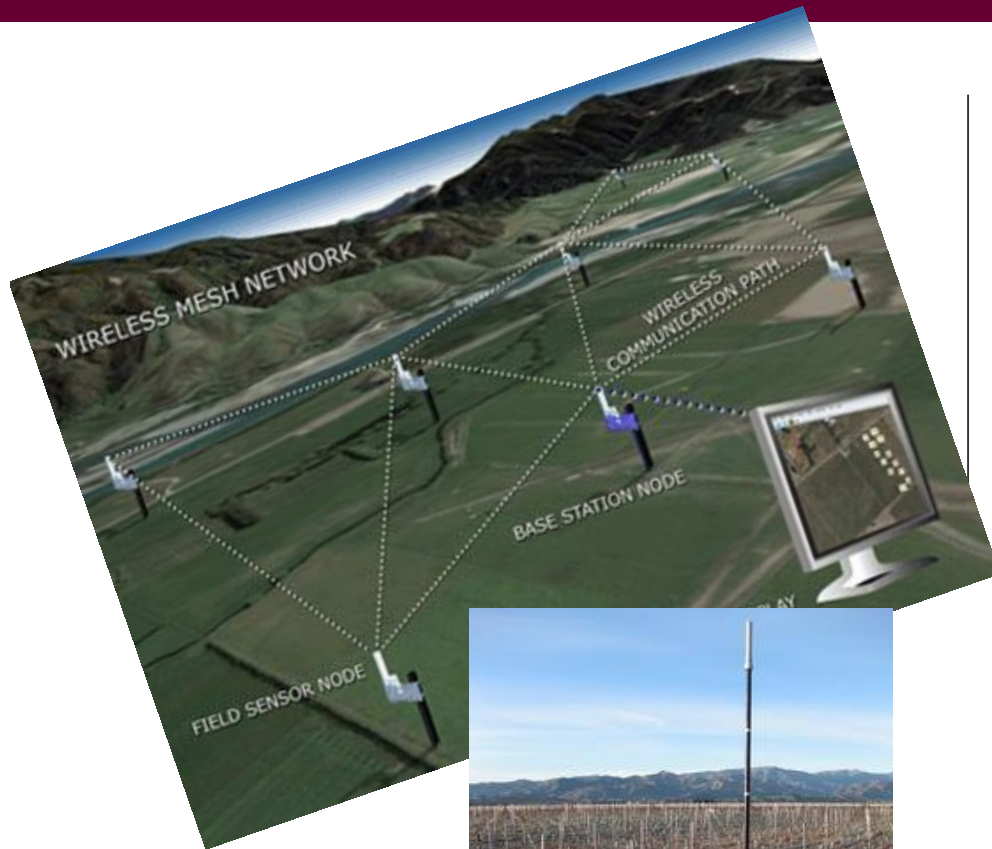
NZ Winegrowers Vineyard Ecosystems

“the resilience and profitability of the NZ wine industry has been improved through increased vineyard longevity”

- » NZW + Ministry for Business Innovation & Employment Partnership (50:50 investment)
 - » Mix of stretchy science (MBIE) and applied outcomes (NZW)
- » Key research providers Plant & Food Research and UoA
- » \$7 million total investment over 7 years
- » Improve vineyard commercial lifespan by 5–10 years
- » Reduce reliance on synthetic herbicides



Digital viticulture – mesh networks

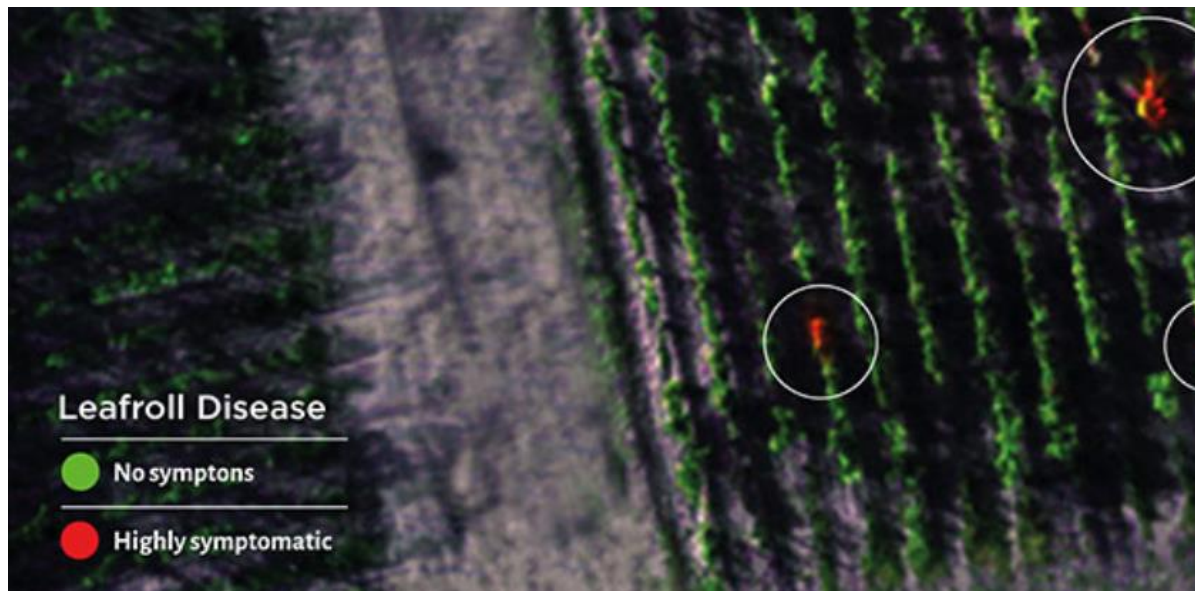


- » Used commercially in several vineyards
- » Ara/Bankhouse cover 500 ha
- » Can visualize real time temperatures across 60 nodes
- » Respond to sprinkler frost management in very targeted way
- » Can control irrigation semi automatically
- » Options to add other sensors
 - » Soil moisture
 - » Leaf wetness...

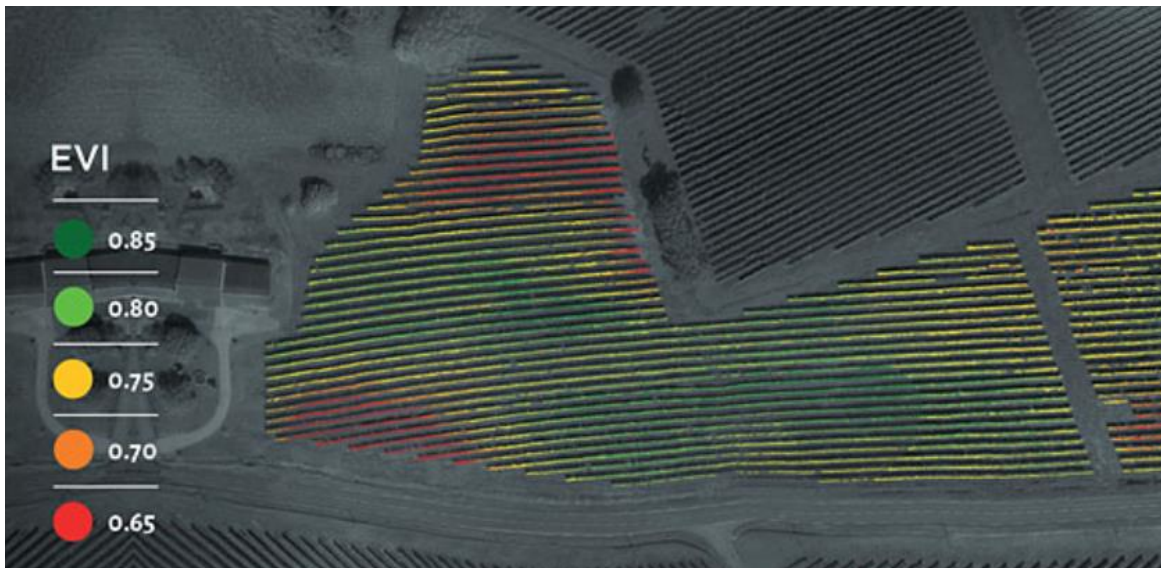
Digital viticulture – multispectral imaging

- » Virus ID already exists in California arriving in NZ
- » Red varieties only
- » At stage when symptoms obvious

- » White varieties
- » Early stage in season
- » Other non visible symptoms
 - » Water stress
 - » N, K, Mg deficiency



Precision undervine management



- » Vine performance very sensitive to understory completion
 - » Vine age, soil type etc...
- » Cultivation and undervine mowing options problematic in stony soils

- » Can use multi spectral imaging to create maps of weak vine growth and excessive competition
- » Only remove undervine sward in areas where competition is detrimental ?
- » Use more targeted or eco-friendly control measures

Precision canopy spraying



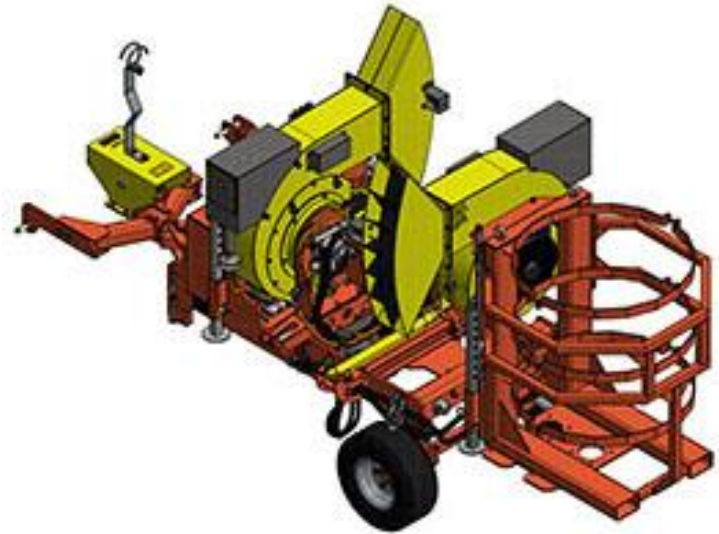
- » Multirow spraying using small Quantum mist heads
- » Narrow row short canopies
- » Have been built up to 6 rows
- » Problems with outer row coverage angled headlands etc...
- » Used with auto-steer and full GPS prescription but...
- » Now optimized for 4 rows
- » In commercial use at Indevin's Bankhouse Vineyard

Heating/heat shock

Agrothermal™ Systems

Thermal Plant Treatment (TPT)

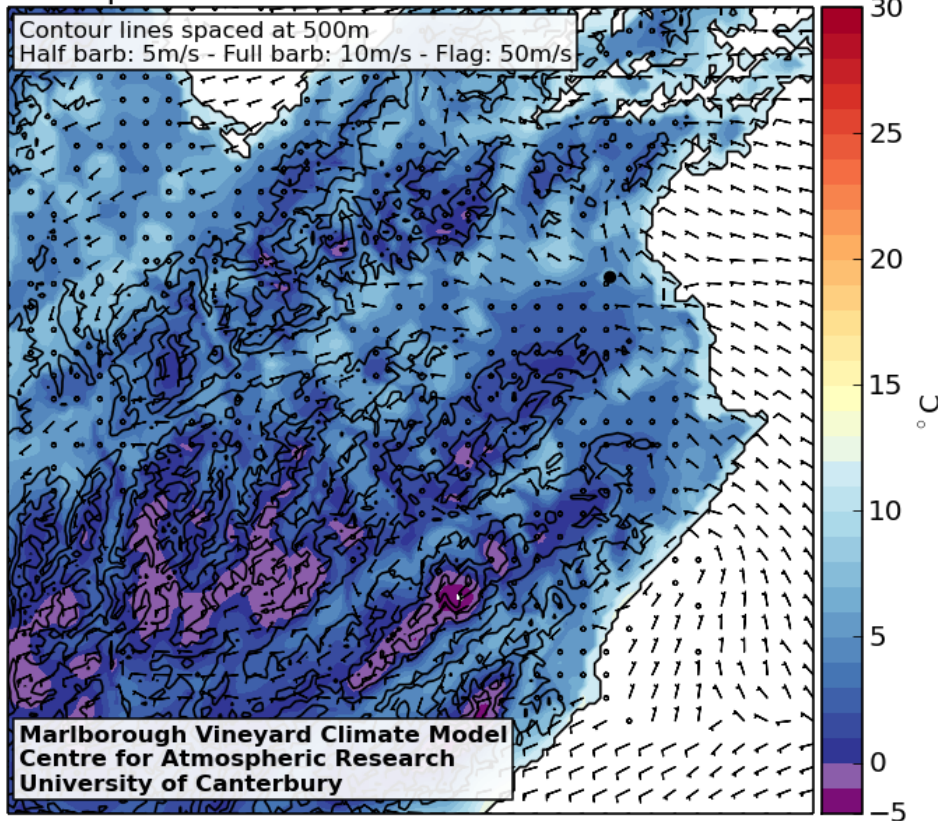
- » Originally designed for Frost protection but application changed
- » Improves fruit set ?
- » Reduces moisture?
- » Sterilizing action ?
- » Improves disease control?
- » Not unreasonable to think that the TPT may elicit host plant defenses



Frost mapping

20 October 2015 - 7am

Temperature and Wind for 20.10.2015 07AM



- » Andrew Sturman Canterbury University, Mike Trought - Plant and Food Research
- » <http://wineclimate.co.nz>
- » Refinement of existing frost maps and predictions
- » Interesting phenomena:
- » “wave patterns” to frost distribution
- » High altitude airflow over mountains disturbs temperatures at on plains

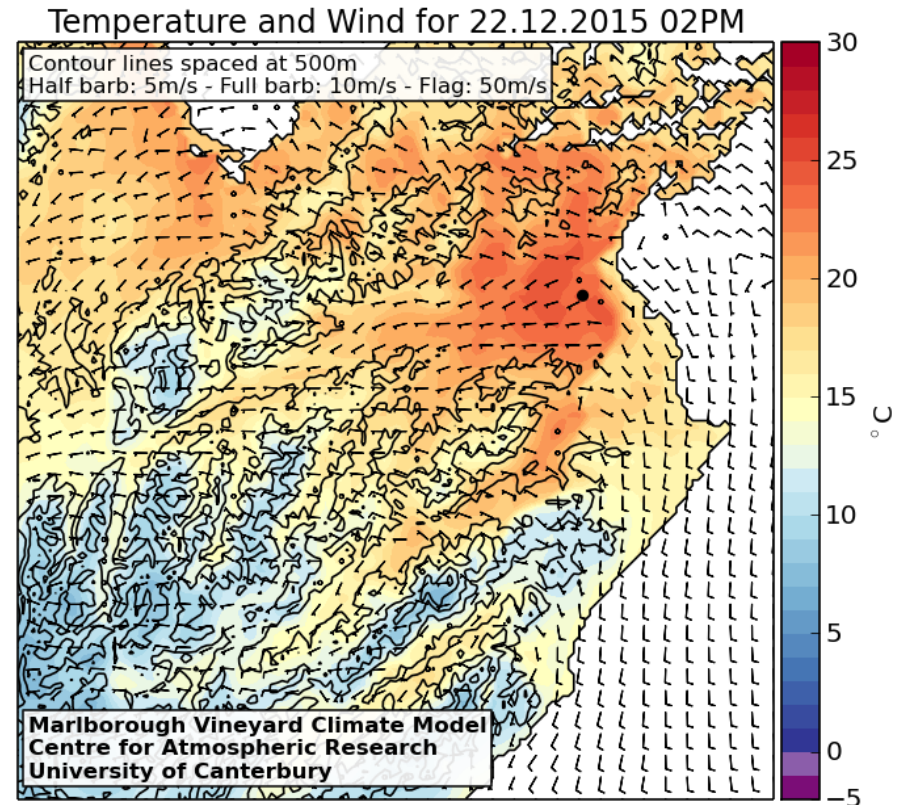
Heat ranger frost fighting



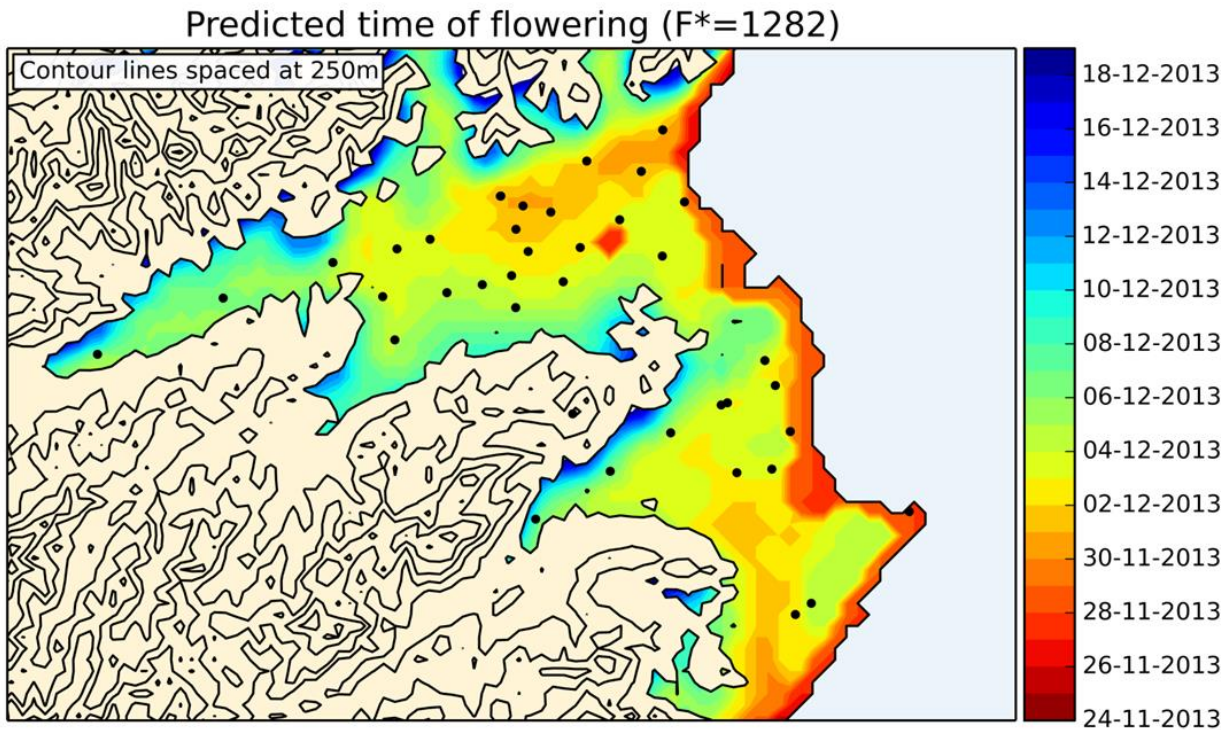
- » Director Fred Phillips
- » Hamilton company Heat Ranger Ltd
- » burns LPG, rotates 360° and can
- » Theoretically protects up to 15ha. of vineyards
- » High unit cost \$200k

Wind and temperature modelling

- » Andrew Sturman, Tobias Schulmann et al. - University of Canterbury
- » A regional weather forecast for air temperature, wind speed and wind direction based on the Weather Research and Forecasting model
- » Climate change adaptation strategies
 - » Varieties, rootstocks
 - » LA:FW manipulations
 - » Genetic improvement



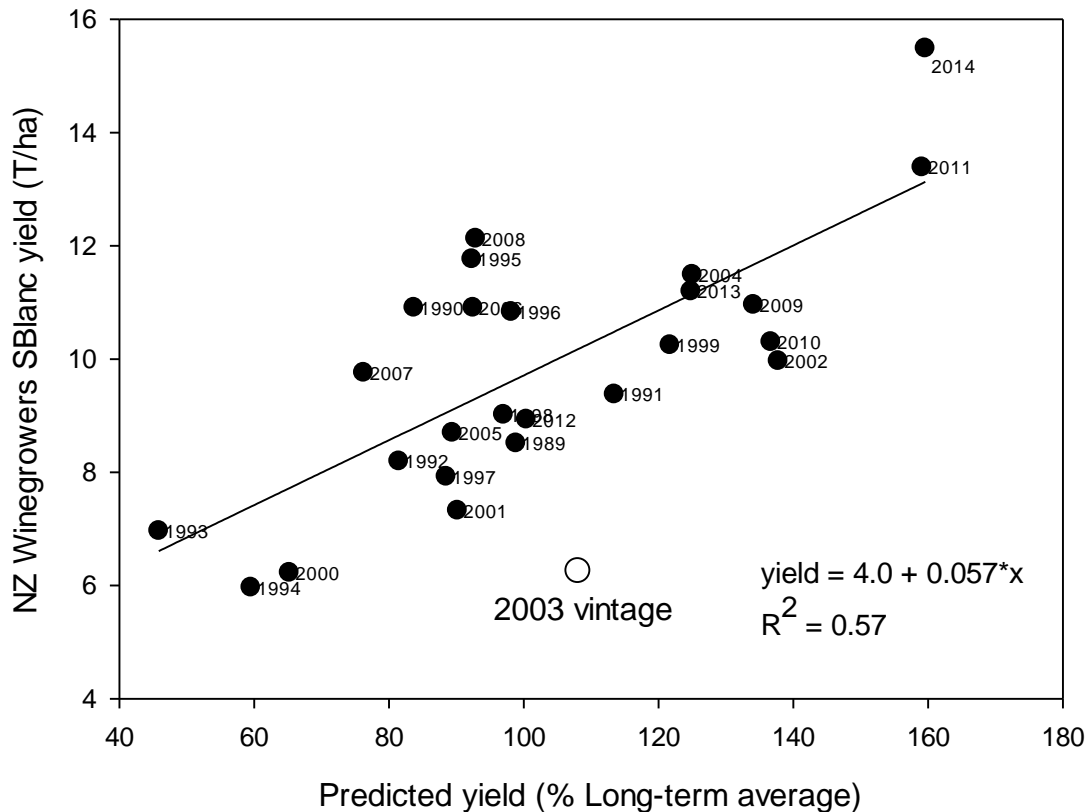
Flowering date prediction maps



- » Amber Parker – Lincoln University
- » Uses GFV model
- » Temperatures during flowering at sub-regional level
- » Working on bunch weight predictions



Yield modelling/prediction



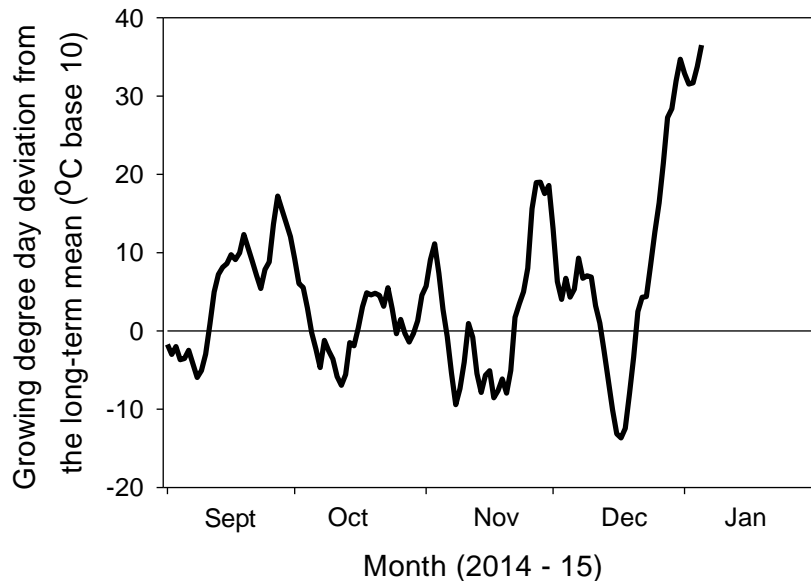
- » Temperature based (for now)
- » Only validated for SB in Marlborough
- » One-off events can still have major influence
- » Growing “mitigation” activity makes prediction more difficult

NZ Winegrowers Vinefacts Newsletter

- » NZ Winegrowers funded project
- » 30 weekly newsletters
- » Expanding service:
 - » Marlborough and SB specific to multi-region and multi variety
- » Members only service
- » Working on automation of data aggregation and presentation
- » Substitute in-field phenology collection with modelled data



Yield prediction – pruning/thinning strategies



- » laying 4-canes at pruning (up from 3)
- » Will get 30% more crop when converting from 3-4 canes
- » Early and cool flowering keep the cane
- » Late and warm flowering remove extra cane (leave in canopy)

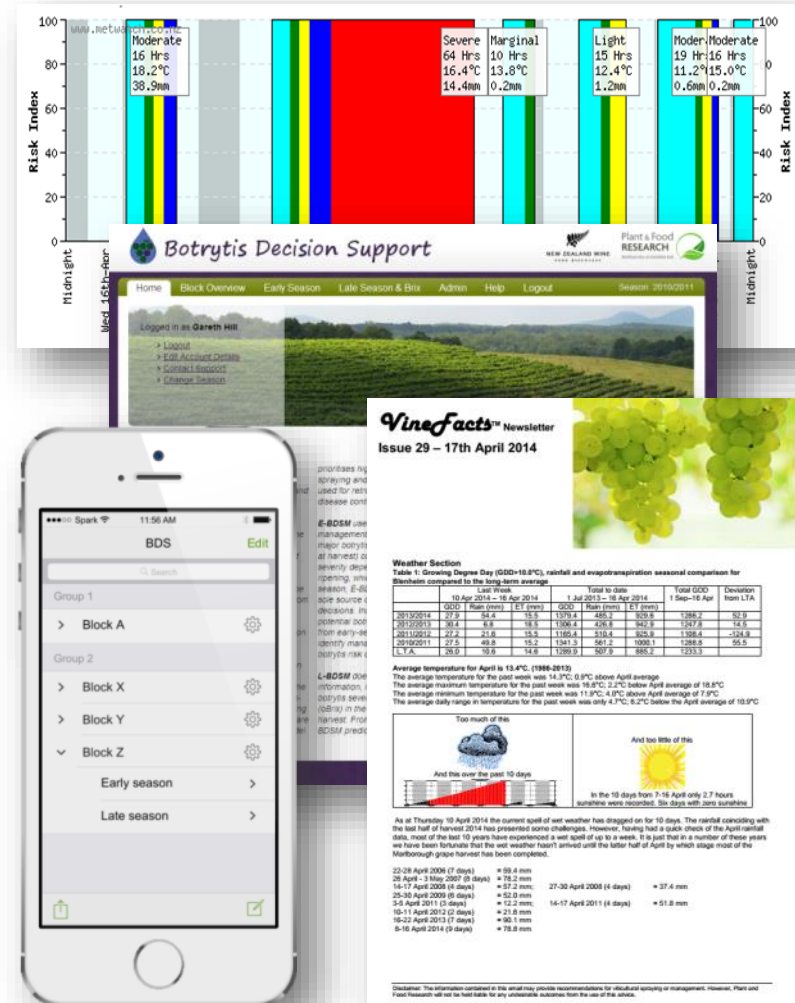
e.g. Flowering is 7 days later + 30% extra crop 10 days more to ripen
therefore predicted harvest date is 14 days later than average

Grower assessment “too much risk”.



Botrytis decision support

- » Decision support systems
- » Issues with uptake
- » Perceptions of risk and risk aversion
- » Accuracy and reliability
- » Simplifying user experience
- » Rotbot™ smartphone app
- » VineFacts™



Mechanical thinning/shaking

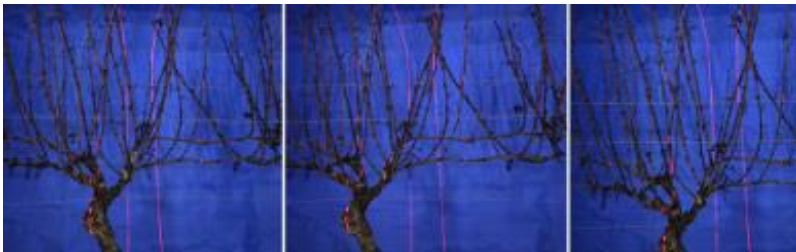


- » Mechanical shaking at pea size reduces berries per bunch
- » Slows growth of retained berries
- » Removes bunch and fruit zone trash
- » Ripening rate same as control
- » Ok for up to 25% reduction
 - » need combo strategies for more reduction
- » Substantially reduces botrytis incidence
- » Effect still noticeable in vitro so plant response also likely

Robotic cane pruning for grapevines



Tom Botterill University of Canterbury

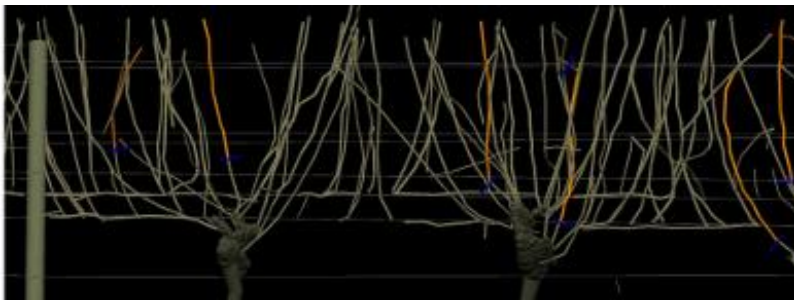


- » The AI was “trained” to make good pruning decisions
- » a six-jointed robot arm reaches amongst the canes and makes the required cuts with a spinning cutting tool
- » Major technical challenges:
 - » building a 3D model of the complex vine structure
 - » Identifying wires and things not to cut
 - » Deciding which canes to remove
 - » Planning path for arm

Robotic cane pruning for grapevines



- » After four years of development,
- » 3D models are correct enough to make decisions about where to prune,
- » dynamic robot arm control is still under development
- » the robot must stop at each plant to make the cuts



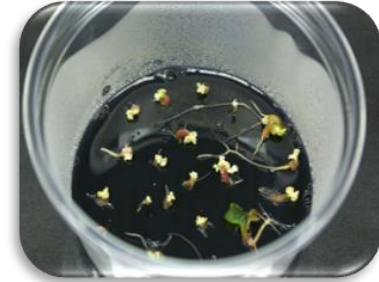
Awakening mobile elements



- » Transposable elements driving epigenetics
- » Work with somatic embryos
- » Easy to ensure 'even' treatment of tissue
- » Regenerated plants less likely to contain chimeras
- » Somatic embryogenesis likely to stimulate transposition

Chris Winefield, Darrel Lizzamore (Lincoln University), Ross Bicknell and Susan Thompson (PFR)

Awakening mobile elements



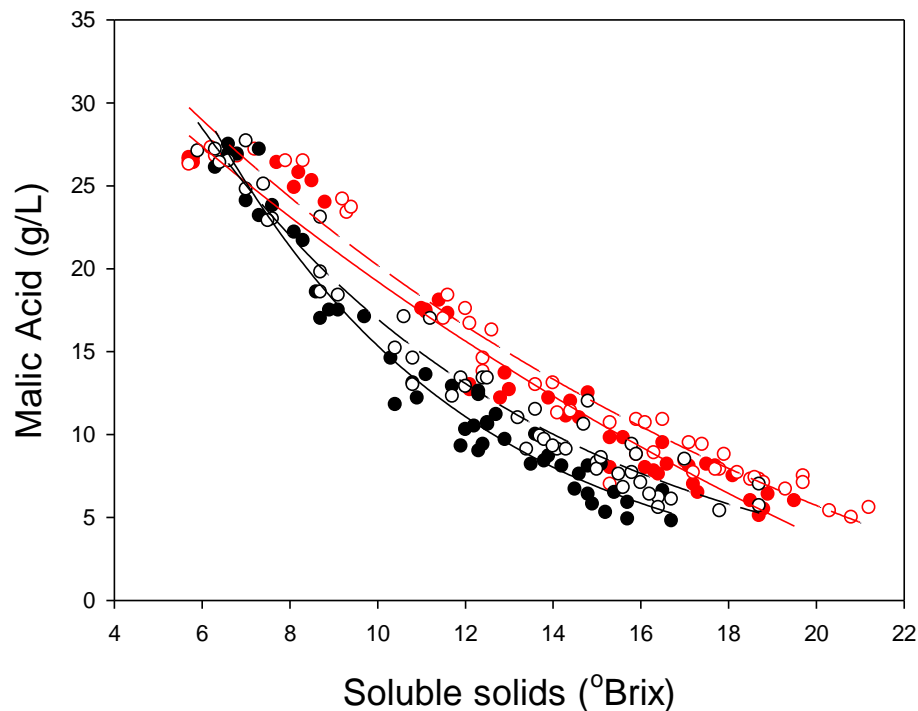
- » Expose somatic embryos to a range of stresses for 48 hrs
- » Remove stress and allow a recovery period
- » Transfer embryo masses to regeneration media
- » Regenerate plantlets, harden off and grow on in pots until of sufficient size

Awakening mobile elements



- » Generating new clones of existing varieties
- » No industry/market hurdle
- » Especially interested in bunch architecture and fruitset aptitude
- » Phenological differences also of interest in climate change context
- » PM tolerance etc...probably a step to far for clonal mutation

De-synching sugar and flavour



- » Manipulating leaf:area crop load at key stage desynchronizes sugar accumulation from other key metabolites (SB)
- » Results often confounded by berry growth “compensation”
- » Leaf area:fruit mass ratio determines the rate of sugar accumulation
- » Other key metabolites time x temperature dependent
- » Prospect of producing flavorsome SB wines at lower sugar

NZ Winegrowers Lifestyle wines

**“Position New Zealand as number 1
in the world for high quality,
lower alcohol and lower calorie wines”**

- » Primary Growth Partnership Programme
 - » Market research and sensory analysis
 - » Tools for vine management and winemaking
- » NZW + 18 co-investing wine companies + MPI
- » Key research providers Plant & Food Research and UoA
- » \$17 million total investment over seven years
- » Benefit to NZ of \$285 million by 2023



References and links

- » Virus – mild strain cross protection Karmun Chooi, Arnaud Blouin (PFR)
- » Sensing disease – Dion Mundy, Monica Walters, Nigel Larson et al. (PFR)
- » Virus – Vaughn Bell, John Charles (PFR)
- » Biosecurity – Max Suckling, John Charles (PFR)
- » NZ Winegrowers Vineyard Ecosystems – Nick Hoskins
<http://www.nzwine.com/research/research-programme-1/major-programmes-1/vineyard-ecosystems/>
- » Mesh networks – Dave Rankin Indigo systems www.indigosystems.net.nz
- » Multispectral imaging – Richard van der Put <http://www.skysquirrel.ca/>
- » Precision understory management – Paul Johnstone et al. (PFR)
- » Precision canopy spraying – Greer Eady Aspiration Holdings Ltd <http://www.ahl.net.nz/>
- » NZ Winegrowers Mechanical thinning/shaking – Sue Neal. Michael Trought (PFR)
- » Agrothermal™ Systems – Marty Fischer marty@agrothermalsystems.com
- » Heat Ranger™ frost fighting Fred Phillips <http://heat-ranger.com/>
- » Frost mapping Andrew Sturman, Michael Trought <http://wineclimate.co.nz/>

References and links

- » Mesh networks – Dave Rankin <http://www.indigosystems.net.nz/contactindigo.html>
- » Wind and temperature modelling – Andrew Sturman, Mike Trought (PFR) <http://wineclimate.co.nz/>
- » Wind and temperature modelling – Andrew Sturman, Mike Trought (PFR) <http://wineclimate.co.nz/>
- » Flowering date prediction maps – Amber Parker (Lincoln University)
- » NZ Winegrowers Vinefacts Newsletter – Mark Eltom (NZW)
- » Yield prediction – pruning /thinning strategies – Mike Trought (PFR)
- » Robotic cane pruning for grapevines – Tom Botterill (University of Canterbury) <http://www.cosc.canterbury.ac.nz/tom.botterill/>
- » Awakening mobile elements – Chris Winefield, Darrel Lizzamore (Lincoln University)
- » Botrytis decision support – Gareth Hill (PFR)
- » Mechanical thinning/shaking – Mike Trought (PFR)
- » De-synching flavour and sugar – de la Noue, Bennett, Trought, Martin (PFR)
- » NZ Winegrowers Lifestyle Wines – David Jordan <http://www.nzwine.com/research/research-programme-1/major-programmes-1/pgp-lifestyle-wines-research-programme/>

Plant & Food
RESEARCH

RANGAHAU AHUMĀRA KAI



The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research Limited

Thank You

Mark Krstic, AWRI and partners/sponsors

damian.martin@plantandfood.co.nz

www.plantandfood.co.nz

Disclaimer: While care has been used in compiling this presentation Plant & Food Research does not give any prediction, warranty or assurance in relation to the accuracy of or fitness for any particular purpose, use or application of any information contained in this document. To the full extent permitted by law Plant & Food Research, nor any of their employees, shall be liable for any cost (including legal costs), claim, liability, loss, damage, injury or the like, which may be suffered or incurred as a direct or indirect result of the reliance by any person on any information contained in this document.