AWRI



QA Systems, making sure it all works...

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What is quality?



Quality assurance is the underpinning framework that promotes the delivery of reliable analytical measurements.

It is a **system** that focuses on:

Management
Documentation
Proficiency testing

Quality control Methods Internal audits Staff training
Record keeping
Equipment



Why bother with a quality system?



Laboratory provides analyses which are considered important to monitor various stages of the winemaking process and form part of the quality assurance program associated with good winemaking.

Keep winemakers focused on winemaking

Capacity to troubleshoot when there are errors

Provide evidence results are fit for purpose

Avoid litigation

Avoid expensive product recalls



Quality control



- Training staff to perform well documented procedures using regularly calibrated equipment with checks and audits in every batch
- Typical analytical checks include:
 - Duplicates
 - Standards...usually non-matrix
 - Spiked samples...usually matrix and alternative to CRM's
 - Control samples...with known parameters
 - How do we determine known parameters?
 - Frequency dependent on many things.....
- corrective action procedures



Quality control



Implement corrective action!

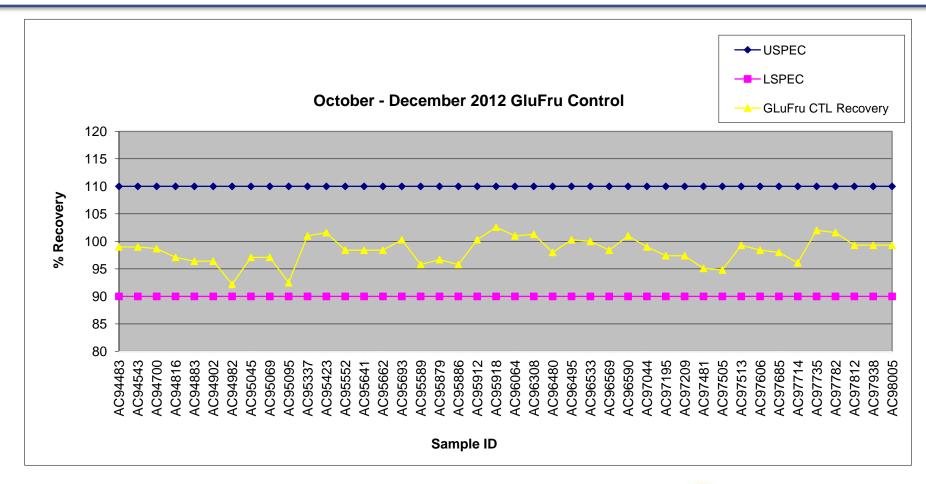
These are a waste of time if you don't... !

- Simple control charts
 - visible, instant means of monitoring trends
 - statistical approach to setting the decision rules and evaluating test data.



Quality control - trending

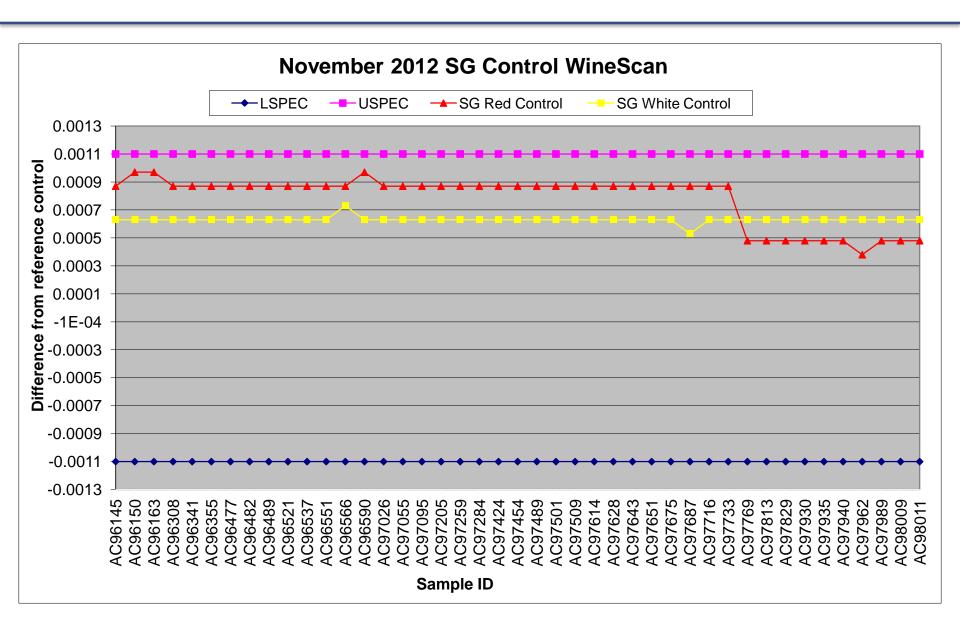






Quality control - trending





Documentation



Established and maintained procedures and policies to control and review all documents including:

- Methods
- Regulations
- Standards
- Software etc.

Position descriptions / qualifications etc.

Personal development plans

Corrective action procedures...Confidence in troubleshooting



- ❖ Fit for pu
- Validated
- ❖ Include :
- Testing I
- Reviewe
- Current
- Clear an

- After analysis, rinse the curvette with iso-octane and dispose of all samples in the labelled iso-octane waste container located in the fume cupboard.
- Absorbance readings of 0.025 or less are recorded as **zero**. These readings are the average background readings for white and red wines which contain no sorbic acid, and equate to a concentration of 5 mg/L. In certain wine types, e.g. fortified and bottytised wines, the background absorbance reading may be higher than 0.025. In such cases a senior staff member should be consulted prior to data being accepted.
- Some opaque beverages, usually not wine, require distillation as a preparatory step to avoid the possibility of false positive results (see AOAC methods).

Reference

Ziemelis, G.; Somers, T.C., Rapid determination of Sorbic Acid in Wine, Am. J. Enol. Vitic, 29(3): 217-219; 1978.

Uncertainty of Measurement (UOM)

Uncertainty of measurement was calculated by determining the average, standard deviation and the coefficient of variation of reproducibility data of 7 replicates. From this it could then be estimated that the UOM at the 95% confidence interval was equal to 2 x SD for samples with levels < 80 mg/L and 2 x CV (%) for samples > 80 mg/L. The UOM was determined to be \pm 4 mg/L if < 80 mg/L and \pm 10% if > 80 mg/L.

Data for the above calculations can be found at F:\Analytical Service\Service
Delivery\Implementation\Laboratory\Method Development and Validation\Measurements of
Uncertainty 2009 - 2010\Uncertainty calculations 2009 - 2010.xls

Further validation and investigation was performed on the method in late 2012 to early 2013 and can be found at F:\(\text{Analytical Service\Service Delivery\Lean\LGP\LGP\LGP\1202.doc}\). Adjustments to the method were made as a result of the findings.

Appendix 1. Quality Assurance

The reliability of the method is monitored using the following procedure:

- A standard of appropriate sorbic acid concentration is included with every batch of analyses performed. The standard recovery is calculated from the result as follows:
 - Standard recovery = Result obtained x 100 % Result expected

Standard recovery should be within the range 90 - 110%.

Every tenth determination is performed in duplicate. Duplicates should agree to ± 4 mg/L if the value is less than 30 mg/L and ± 10% if greater than 80 mg/L.

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Methods



A picture is worth a thousand words...

The Australian Wine Research Institute



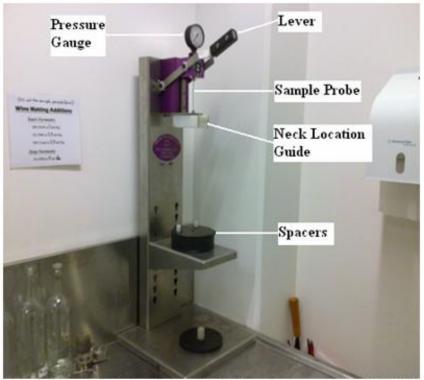


Figure 1: Henstock Technologies Bottle Pressure Tester (Model 15-22/1)

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Training



A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н		J	К
Commercial Services										
2				This is a con	trolled document.					
PF01 Training Record Fo	rm - Analytica	Lab						40	- Po	
Name:				Position:				Commencement Date:		
5 6									10	
7)	Comp	petence Level				
Analysis/Procedure	1	=Unskilled		!=Limited skills	3=	Competent		4=NATA	-proficient	
9 LM02	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
0 Total Dry Extract	Buton		Daton		Daton		Duton		Duton	
1	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
12 LM04	Batch		Batch	11.00 70.000	Batch	100-000-000	Batch		Batch	10200000
3 pH/TA Titramaster										
4	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
5 LM06	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
6 Copper by AA					50.000.00					
7	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
8 LM06	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
9 Iron by AA										
0	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
1 LM06	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
2 Sodium by AA				M						
3	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
4 LM06	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
5 Potassium by AA										
6	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
7 LM06	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
8 Calcium by AA										
9	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
0 LM09	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
1 Free & Total SO ₂ by stills										
2	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
3 LM10	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	
4 Volatile Acidity by stills										
5	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials	Date	Initials
36 LM13	Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch		Batch	

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Training



No point having your lab techs trained with world cup skills, if they do not understand the game plan!!

Approved Signatory Record

Approved Signatory	La	rry Labtech	Laboratory	Analytical Laboratory	
Assessed by:	Lar	туу Возу	Date of Evaluation	<u>22/6/2011</u>	
Criteria	<u>A</u>	pproval	Com	nments	
Principles of the tests they perform or supervise	○ No	Yes	Is familiar with all LM's having been proficient in them more than a year.		
Competency in reporting procedure	○ No	• Yes	Has fulfilled all requirements and reported all different reports possible.		
Knowledge of ISO/IEC 17025-2005 Standard	○ No	• Yes	Has the required knowledge and understanding of ISO/IEC 17025-2005.		
Knowledge of the management system	○ No	• Yes	Has read the LQM earlier in the year (January) in preparation for the NATA audit.		
Knowledge of NATA rules, FAD & relevant technical / policy circulars	○ No	• Yes	Has the required knowledge and understanding of NA rules, FAD and relevant technical/policy circulars.		
Estimation of uncertainty of measurement	○ No	• Yes		.M32 (Rebelein method) and nds SD, CV% and error.	

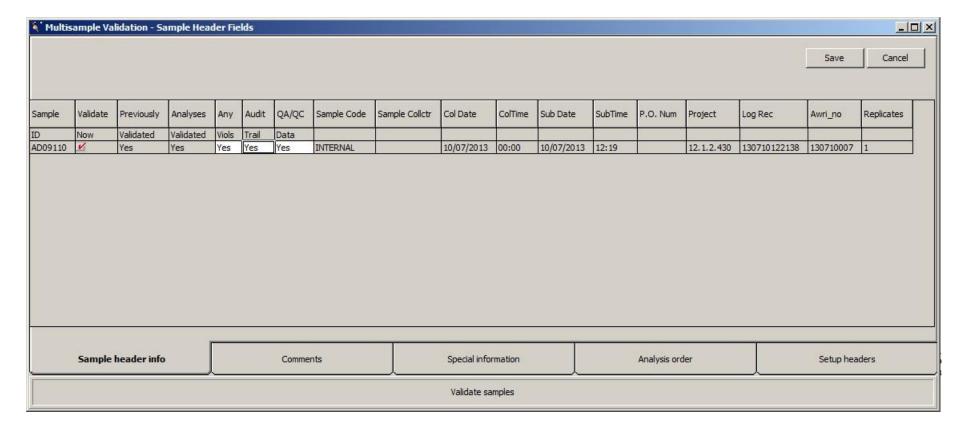
Scope of approval for signatory:

All methods covered under the scope

Traceability



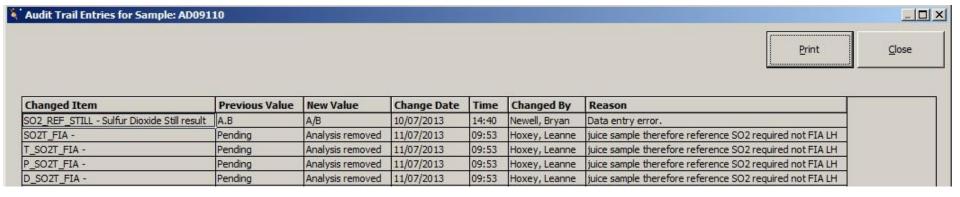
- LIMS an advantages
- Manual systems can achieve the same
- Beneficial for corrective actions / litigation purposes



Traceability



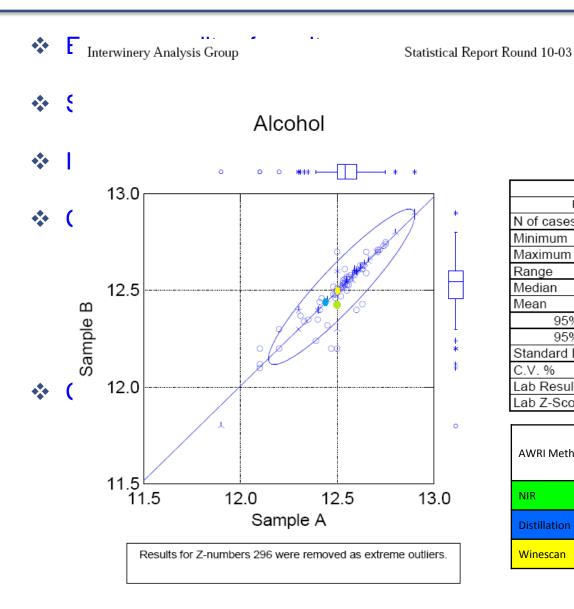
- Valuable for training
- Can help with interpretation of results
- Trending of procedural errors





Proficiency testing





	Alcohol A	Alcohol B
Reported at 20°C	% v/v	% v/v
N of cases	146	146
Minimum	11.9	11.8
Maximum	12.9	12.9
Range	1.0	1.1
Median	12.5	12.5
Mean	12.5	12.5
95% CI Upper	12.5	12.5
95% CI Lower	12.5	12.5
Standard Dev	0.2	0.2
C.V. %	1.6	1.6
Lab Result		
Lab Z-Score Result		

May 2010

AWRI Method	Sample A	Sample B
NIR	12.4	12.4
Distillation	12.5	12.4
Winescan	12.5	12.5

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Quality Review (Internal Audit) – 2012

Subject: VA (LM10)

: SG (LM24)

: Alcohol by distillation (LM23) & by NIR (LM13)



mportant p The Interwinery red samples AC82202 and AC82203 analysed for volatile acid, specific gravity, alcohol by distillation and by NIR during January 2012 were assessed for compliance with tolerances against samples analysed in May 2012 AC88307 and AC88308.

Can help id Summary of the results:

VA - (LM10) - Distillation

Reinforces

1	Components	AC82202	AC82203	AC88307	AC88308	Uncertainty	Within
V	_	g/L	g/L	g/L	g/L	g/L	Specs
	VA	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27	± 0.04	Y

Can use hol SG - (LM24) - Densitometry

Components	AC82202	AC82203	AC88307	AC88308	Uncertainty	Within
					g/cm3	Specs
SG	0.9959	0.9960	0.9958	0.9959	± 0.0002	Y

Good follow

Alcohol - (LM23) - Distillation

Frequency of

ď	Components	AC82202 % v/v	AC82203 % v/v	AC88307 % v/v	AC788308 % v/v	Uncertainty % v/v	Within Specs
Γ	Alcohol	11.6	11.6	11.6	11.5	± 0.1	Y

Alcohol - (LM13) - NIR

Components	AC82202	AC82203	AC88307	AC88308	Uncertainty	Within
	% v/v	Specs				
Alcohol	11.7	11.8	11.7	11.6	± 0.1	Y

Hard copies of the reports for all samples can be found in Office 2.73 filed in the folder 'Interwinery Reports/Reviews 2012'.

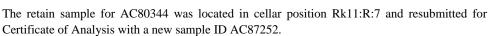
Heather Tosen



.g. IWAG

Quality Review (Internal Audit) – 2012

Subject: C of A





Summary of the results:

❖ Can combine documentation and analysis audits

Components	AC80344	AC87252	Uncertainty	Within
				Specifications
Alcohol	13.0%	13.1%	± 0.1%v/v	Y
TA- pH 8.2	5.8g/L	5.8g/L	± 0.1g/L	Y
pН	3.59	3.59	± 0.05	Y
Glu/Fru	0.4g/L	0.6g/L	± 0.3g/L	Y
VA as AA	0.66g/L	0.65g/L	± 0.05g/L	Y
SG	0.9934	0.9934	±0.0002	Y

FIA (LM29)

Components	AC80344	AC87252	Uncertainty	Within
	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	Specifications
Free SO2	18	16	± 4.0	Y
Total SO2	51	45	± 4.0	Y

The PDF's of the reports for AC80344 and AC87252 are linked below.

 $AC80344\ report\ located\ at\ \underline{\November\CofA\cofa-111111c.pdf}$

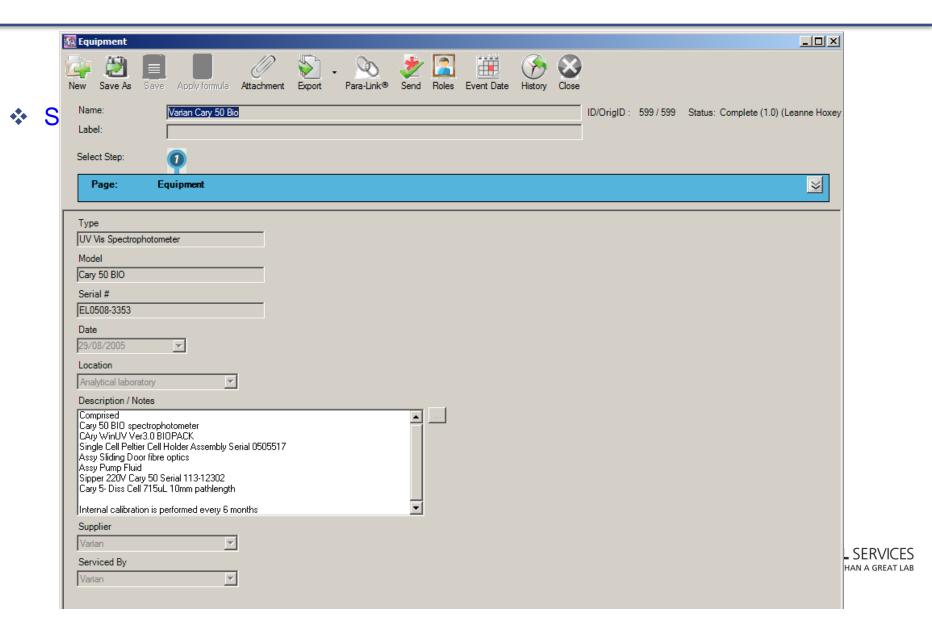
 $AC87252\ report\ located\ at\ \underline{\Rimmer\labworks}\ LWDATA\ Reports\ 2012\ April\ CofA\ cofa-120413a.pdf$

Heather Tosen



Equipment







Thankyou!

