## AWRI



Insights on how Chinese consumers choose wine and the influence of tasting on consumer preferences

Patricia Williamson

Leigh Francis
Larry Lockshin
Simone Mueller Loose







# Diversity of consumer preferences in different wine markets





## Research objectives



- to determine the influence of different messages about Australia and shelf information on choice of red wine by Chinese consumers
- to understand the impact of taste experience on re-purchase decision





# Choice experiment: shelf simulation



## Choice experiment: Attributes and levels



	Attribute	Levels
1	Closure	screw cap, natural cork
2	Label style	Prestigious, Stately, Modern classic, Modern contemporary, Modern vibrant, Elegant contemporary, Eclectic, Light-hearted
3	Medals	Gold, none
4	Grape variety	Cabernet Sauvignon, Shiraz, Pinot Noir, Dry Red Wine
5	Country	France, China, Australia, Italy
6	Price	¥70, ¥130, ¥190, ¥250, ¥310, ¥370, ¥430, ¥490
7	Store rating	99 points, 92 points, none
8	Expert rating	96 points, 89 points, none

## Example of a designed shelf



#### 假设您正在一家葡萄酒专营店内,打算购买一瓶葡萄酒回家与伴侣或朋友饮用。

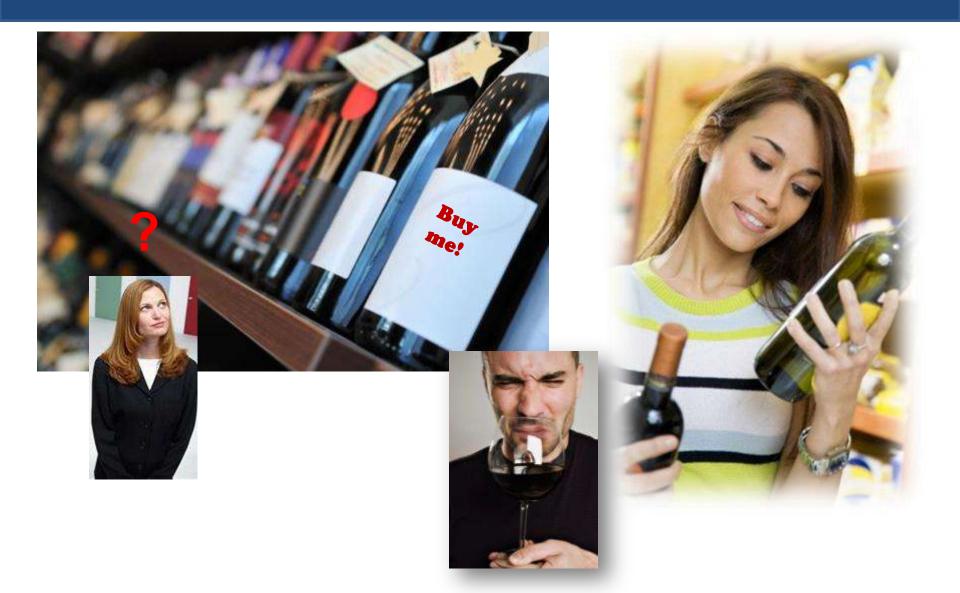
您最有可能购买以下哪种葡萄酒?

(请在下方选择一瓶葡萄酒)

Wine ute



## So how do Chinese choose wine?



# Status quo: Attribute importance (control group)



**Attribute** % **Country Preference** 0.5 Store rating 31 **Expert rating** 28 .4 Country 18 0.3 Price 13 0.2 Grape variety 0.1 Label 0 Medal China Australia Italy France Closure

## Communication: Australia Messages



- communication messages about Australia presented in advertorial-type articles that can have a positive impact on the choice of Australian wines over French or Chinese wine
- used to influence consumers at the point of purchase to choose Australian wines

## 1 - A great place to visit

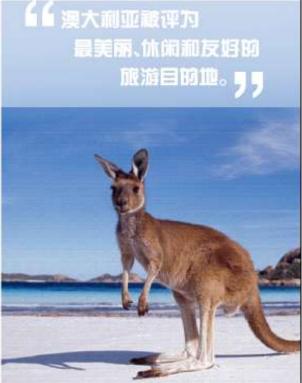


# **澳大利亚**一个绝佳的旅游国度



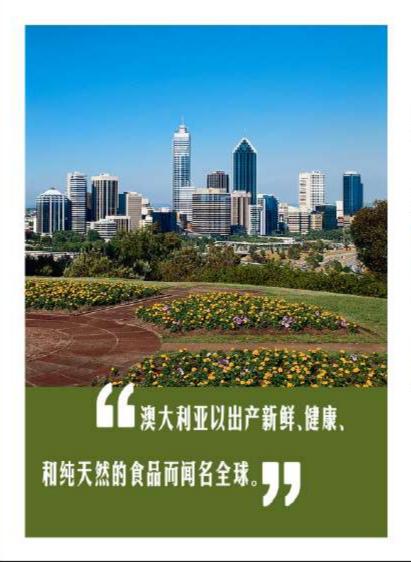
取 而且交通最便利的沙滩。在2012年的一次重大旅游评选活动中,大利亚被评为最美丽、休闲和友好的旅游目的地。

澳大利亚的气候恰人,一些主要城市的周边均 有海洋和沙滩,因此当地人的业余生活主要集中在 室外活动。澳大利亚常年气候温和,阳光明媚:良好的 生活环境赋予了当地人友善热情的性格,富有现代 感的当地居民热忱地欢迎来自各地的游客。在澳大 利亚,室外咖啡厅和餐厅随处可见,游客可以在路边 的咖啡厅或是餐厅里歇息,在观赏自然美景的同时 开始安排游玩下一个澳大利亚迷人景点的行程计 划。



## 2 - Clean and unpolluted





## 澳大利亚

纯净无污染

取 近的调查显示澳大利亚是全球最干净、污染最少、绿化最好的国家之一。 取 科学家们一致认可澳大利亚出产的食品和葡萄酒产品的受污染程度为 全球最低。澳大利亚拥有大量的再生能源和干净的能源资源,即使是大城市 也拥有清新透亮的空气、纯净的水源和不受污染的土壤。

无污染的自然环境意味着澳大利亚出口的食品和葡萄酒均属于全球最健 康、品质最佳行列。拥有清新的空气、纯净的水源和不受污染的土壤的澳大利 亚以出产新鲜、健康、和纯天然的食品而闻名全球。





### 3 - Safe food and wine





## **澳大利亚** 安全食品和葡萄酒

**取** 近的调查显示澳大利亚出产的食品和葡萄酒属于全球最安全的行列。政府严格的管制条例为澳大利亚食品和葡萄酒赢得了安全、可信和高品质的美誉。澳大利亚的肉类、海鲜、和葡萄酒产品在出口前必须经过严格的实验室检测。您可以绝对信任澳大利亚葡萄酒酒标上面的信息,放心享用百分之百又来自澳大利亚本土葡萄酿制而成的葡萄酒。如果一瓶澳大利亚葡萄酒的酒标上面显示酿制该葡萄酒的葡萄品种,那么可以保证瓶内装的就是与其酒标信息相符合的来自相应产区的葡萄酒。所有来自澳大利亚的葡萄酒在出口前还需要经过一个独立的专家团队的品评,不达标的葡萄酒一律无法出口。





## 4 - Wines with tradition and prestige



## **澳大利亚葡萄酒** 传统与高贵的结合

文 大利亚骄傲地拥有一些世界上最古老的葡萄藤。由于欧洲从20世纪初期开始持续推行重栽方案,很多葡萄老藤被相续拔掉;因此现在澳大利亚境内一些葡萄藤的树龄甚至要高于法国和意大利等欧洲国家的老藤。如今这些珍贵的百年老藤依然风华正茂,持续不断地结出品质卓越、风味无与伦比的葡萄果实。用这些珍贵的、产量稀少的葡萄酿精心酿制而成的稀世佳酿更是得到了全球葡萄酒爱好者地热衷追捧;这些顶级佳酿行销国际拍卖市场,一些优秀年份的拍卖价格甚至高出法国的顶级名庄酒。

经过150多年酿造历史的沉淀和累积,澳大利亚葡萄酒发展出了别具一格的迷人风格,充分展示了传统与高贵的完美结合,并广泛受到专家和鉴赏家地高度好评。







## 5 - The best tasting wines in the world

W INE MAGAZINE





## 澳大利亚葡萄酒

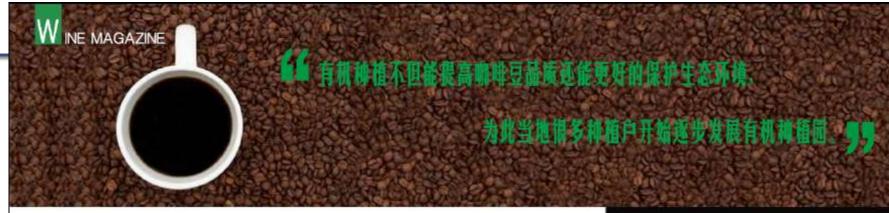
世界上风味最佳的葡萄美酒

**其**近的一个调查显示中国消费者最喜欢澳大利亚葡萄酒的风味,偏好程度 **取**高于来至法国以及其它国家的葡萄酒。在此次调查中,几百名中国葡萄酒 消费者盲品了来自世界主要产国的葡萄酒,并对所品尝的葡萄酒进行排名。澳 大利亚葡萄酒在调查中表现优异,成绩突出、一举跃居板首。

澳大利亚酿酒师紧跟市场动态,并根据消费者的喜好利用现代化的工艺 技术酿造出迎合消费者口感偏好的葡萄酒。澳大利亚葡萄酒清晰易懂,更容 易为中国消费者接受。澳大利亚引领着酿造高品质葡萄酒的潮流,竭力为全球 广大消费者酿造美酒佳酿。



## 6- South American coffee goes green (Control article)



## 南美洲咖啡豆 走向绿色



有 美洲的巴西和哥伦比亚是全球最大的咖啡豆生产国。随着全球对咖啡豆需求量 急剧上升咖啡豆种植户开始大量地使用化肥和杀虫剂;不过现在一股新的风气正开始在当地得到推广蔓延。

有机种植不但能提高咖啡豆品质还能更 好的保护生态环境,为此当地很多种植户开始 逐步发展有机种植园。咖啡的盲品调查显示, 有机咖啡的风味比非有机咖啡要更为醇厚饱 满。咖啡在中国的销量在接下来的时间里将得 到快速的发展。有机种植技术的广泛使用确 保了消费者可以安心地享用风味更佳的咖啡, 也同时更好地保护了生态环境。



### Australia communication messages (M)



Control M

M1

M2

M3

M4

M5

Stage 1 (online)



Choice 1 *N=1670* 

Most Effective M Extrinsic attributes

10 days

Stage 2 (online)



Choice 2 N=828 No M

Message memory retrieving

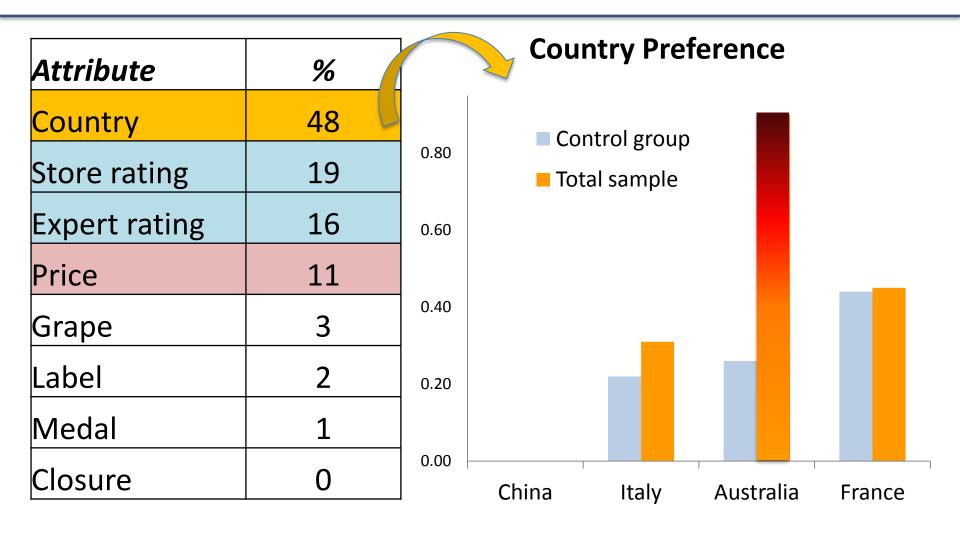


## **RESULTS**



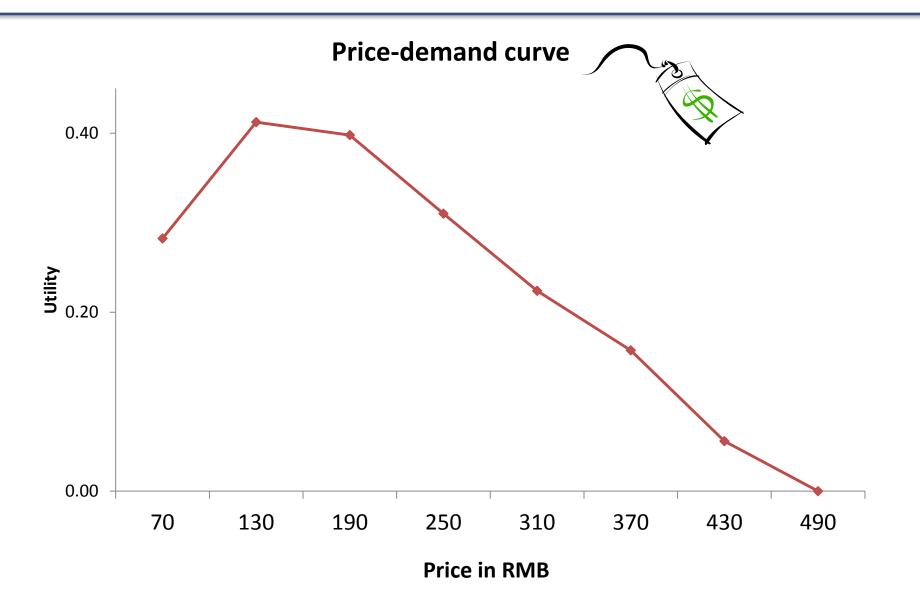
## Attribute importance – Stage 1





## Preferred price





#### Most effective article

# Australia: The best Tasting Wines in the World



W INE MAGAZINE



Recent research has shown that Chinese wine consumers prefer the taste of Australian wines to French and other countries' wines. Hundreds of Chinese wine consumers tasted wines from the major wine producing countries without knowing where they were from. Australian wines were rated the best tasting of all the wines by the Chinese consumers.

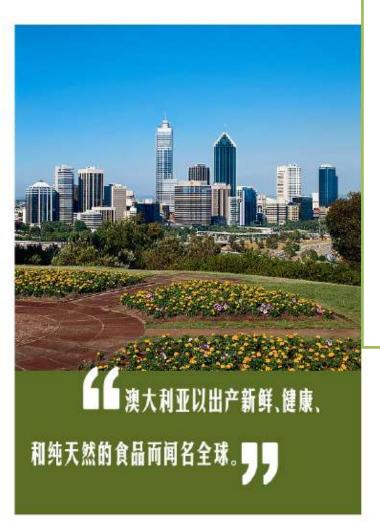
Australian winemakers look for the wine styles that people prefer, and in the sunny, warm climate ideal for grape growing, are able to produce them using modern winemaking techniques. Australian wines are approachable and understandable to Chinese consumers. Australia is leading the world in producing top wines enjoyed by wine consumers in China and all around the globe.



# Second most effective article Australia: Clean and unpolluted



W INE MAGAZINE



Recent research has shown Australia to be one of the cleanest and least polluted countries in the world. Scientists found the lowest levels of known pollutants in Australian food and wine products of any country in the world. Australia has abundant renewable, clean energy resources, and even the largest cities have smog-free crystal-clear air, pure water supplies, and unpolluted soils.

The lack of pollution means that Australia's major food and wine exports are some of the cleanest and healthiest in the world. Australia is renowned as a producer of fresh, healthy and natural food and wine from its clean water, clean air and clean soil.



# Least effective article **Australia: A great place to visit**





Recent research has shown Australia to have the best and most accessible beaches for tourists. In a major poll of travel agents in 2012, Australia was listed as one of the most beautiful, relaxed and friendly places to visit.

The Australian lifestyle is focused on the outdoors due to the great climate and ocean surrounding major cities. The sunny, warm weather for most of the year has led to a modern and easy-going population eager to entertain visitors. Outdoor cafes and restaurants are everywhere, so people can relax while viewing the natural attractions and plan their visit to many interesting places the country has to offer.



### Choice experiment: 8 label styles







Stately



Modern Classic



Modern Contemporary



## Choice experiment: 8 label styles







Elegant Contemporary



**Eclectic** 



Light Hearted



## Label preference

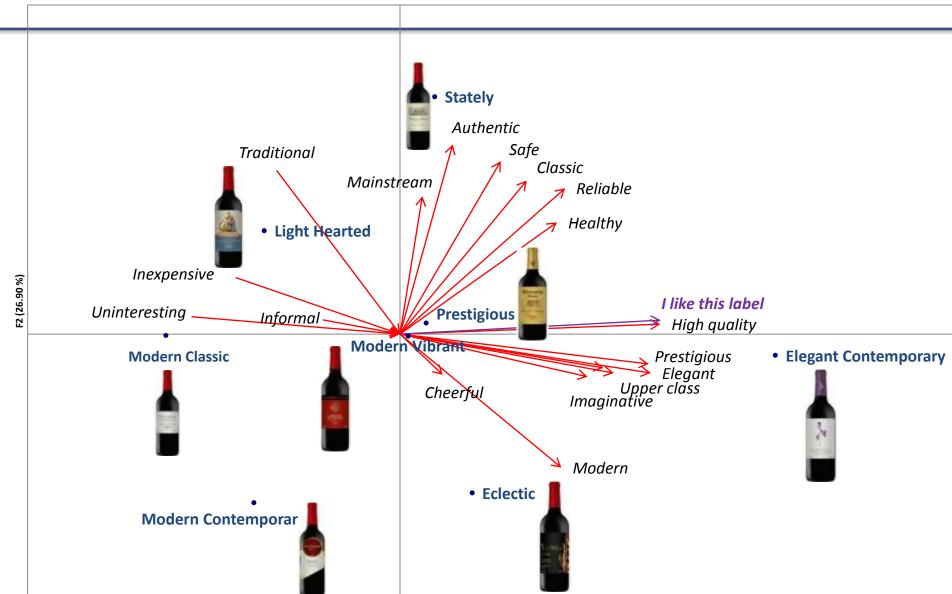


Elegant	0.19
Prestigious	0.12
Light hearted	0.12
Stately	0.11
Eclectic	0.04
Modern classic	0.03
Modern	
contemporary	0.03
Modern vibrant	0.00



#### Label association exercise





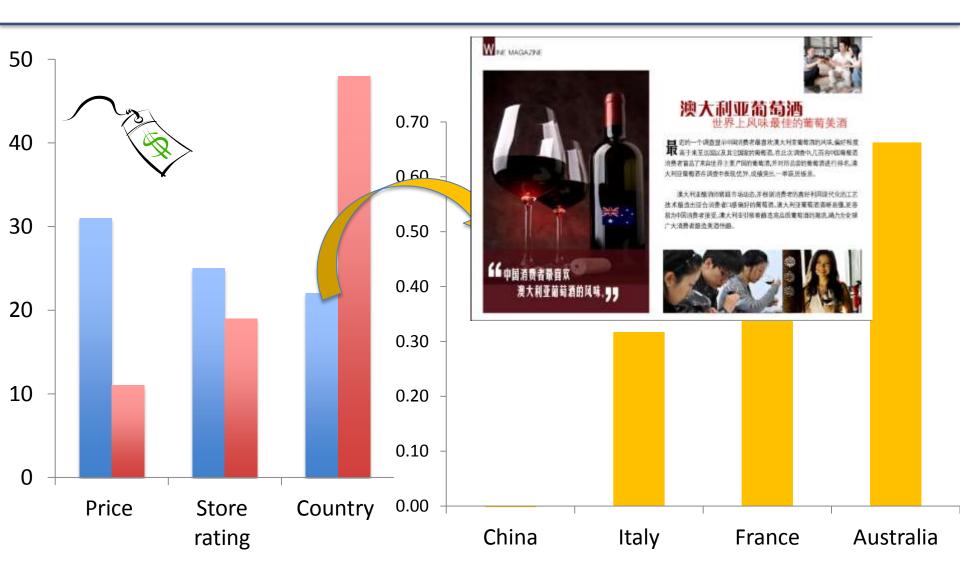


# RESULTS After ~10 days



## Attribute importance – Stage 2 vs. Stage 1





### Who were the consumers?



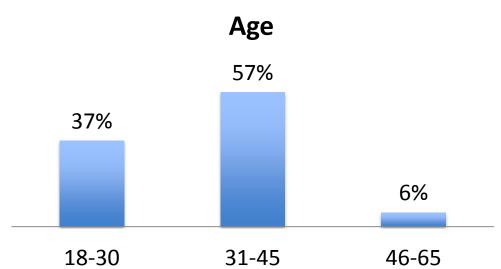
- Local residents, Chinese ethnic group
- Living in Beijing, Guangzhou and Shanghai, minimum n=500 per city
- Buyers of imported wine (at least once every 6 months)
- Drink grape red wine at least once per month
- 40% female, 60% male

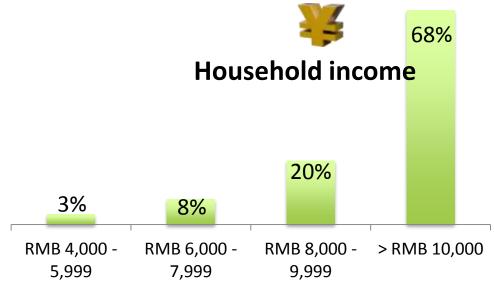




## Consumer profile (n=1670)



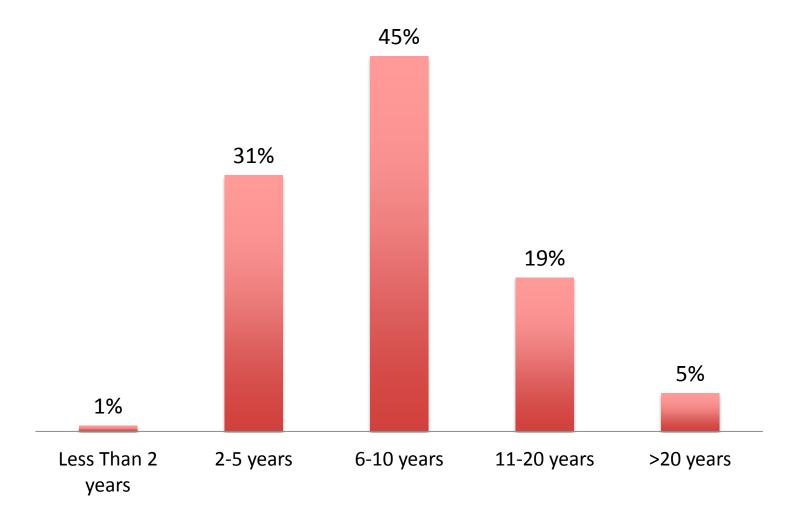




## Consumer profile (n=1670)

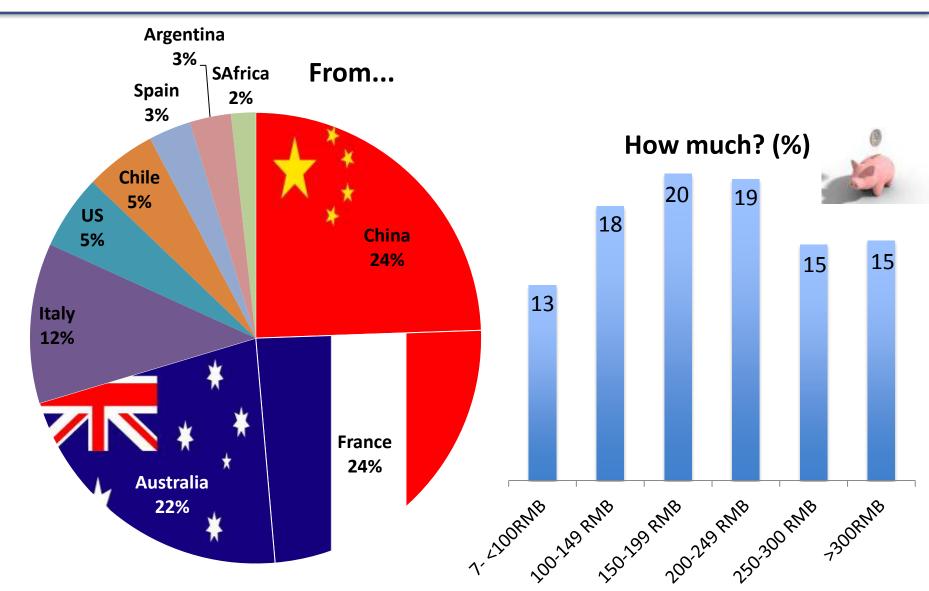


#### How long drinking red wine?



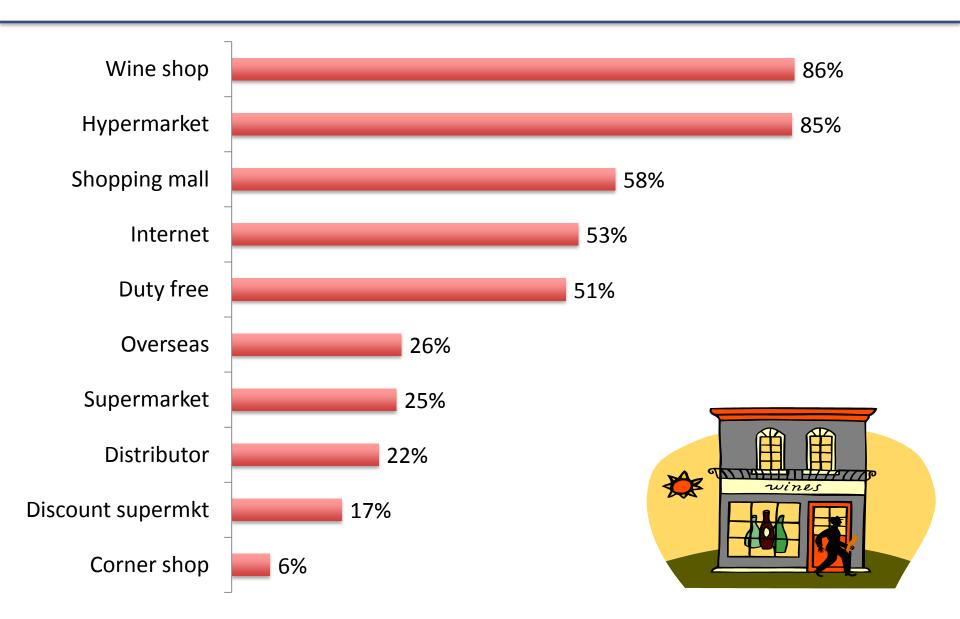
# Grape red wine purchases in the last three months

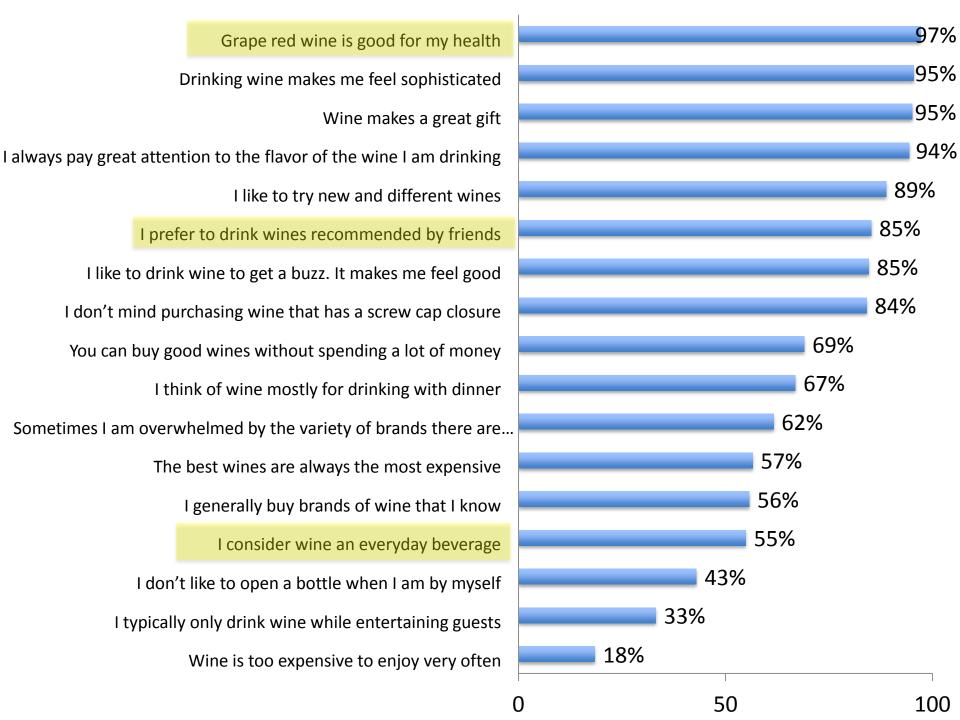




#### Where did they buy wine in the past 6 months?









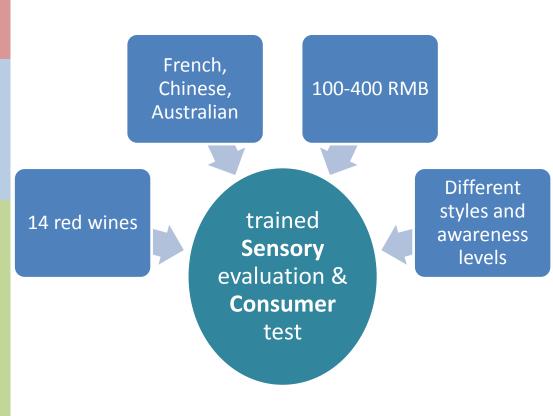
### Influence of taste





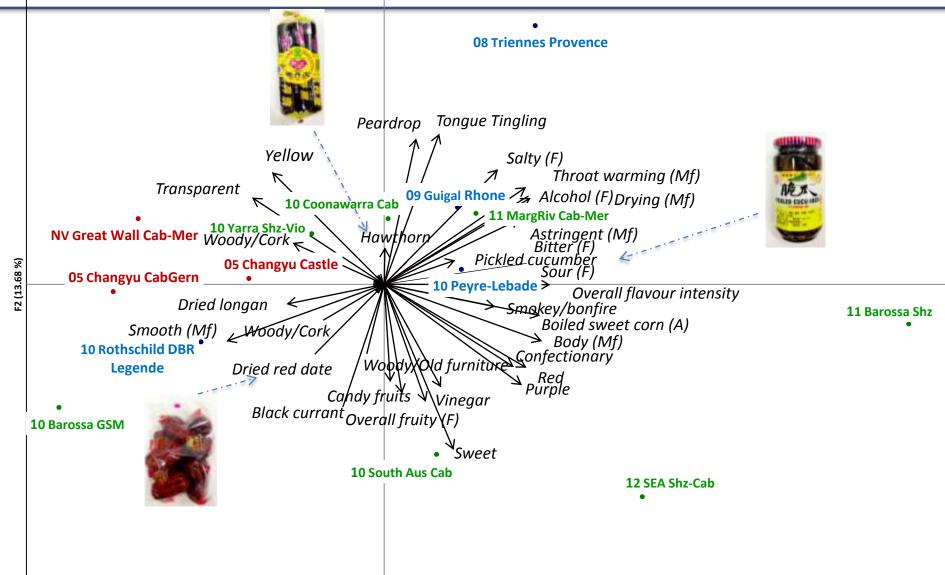
Price Code RMB

- COGC	111110
NV Great Wall Cab-Mer	99
05 Changyu CabGern	207
05 Changyu Castel	368
08 Triennes Provence	231
09 Guigal Rhone	231
10 Rothschild Legende	350
10 Chateau Peyre-Lebade	363
12 SEA Shz-Cab	132
10 Coonawarra Cab	188
10 South Aus Cab	208
10 Barossa GSM	248
11 MargRiv Cab-Mer	290
10 Yarra Shz-Vio	331
11 Barossa Shz	396



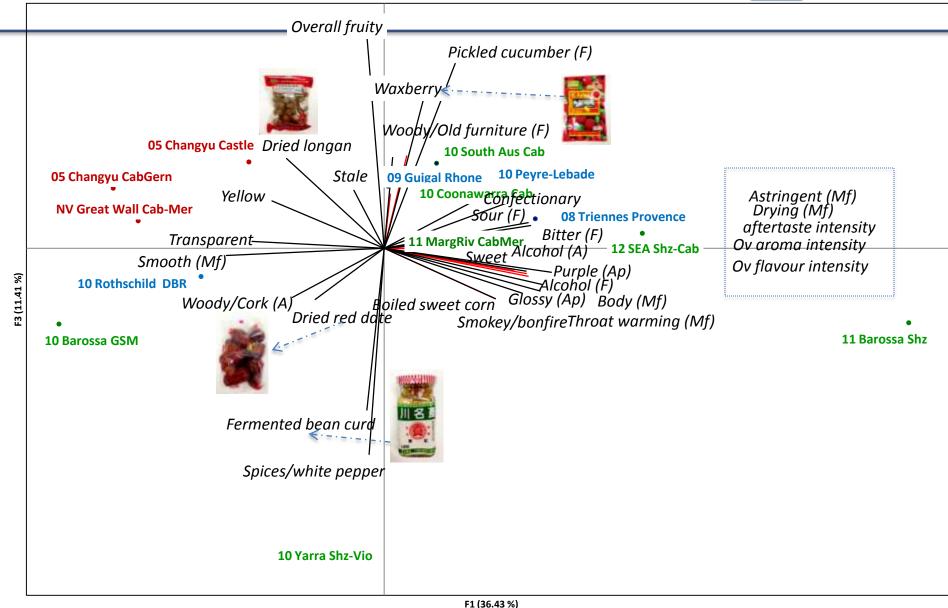
# Chinese trained panel: 11 assessors Wine sensory map PC1x2





#### Wine sensory map PC1x3



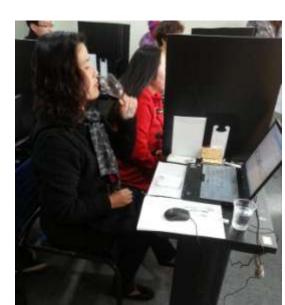


### Sensory experiment: Consumer test



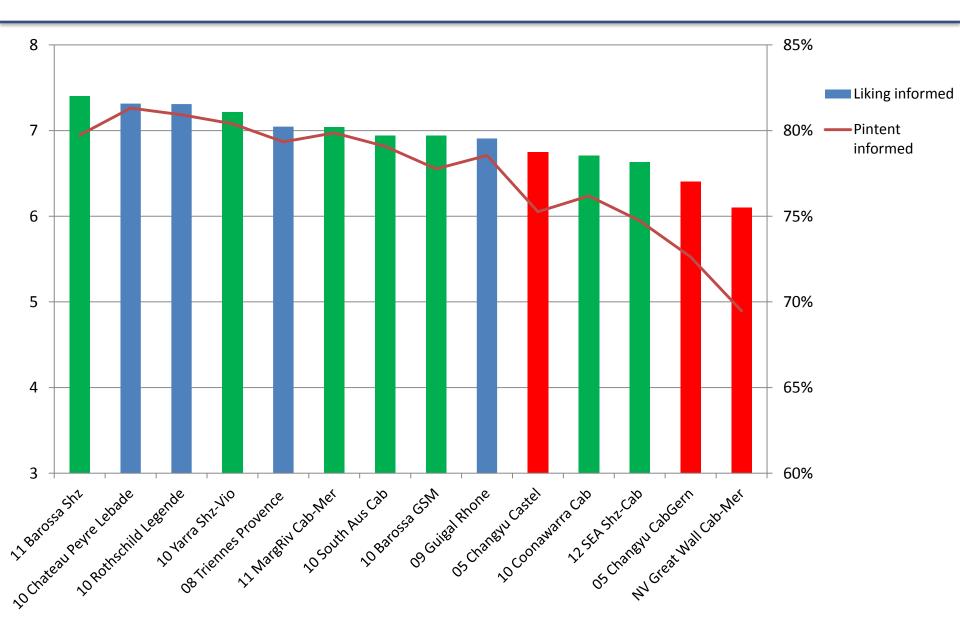
- 304 imported red wine consumers from Shanghai and Beijing
- 14 wines assessed over two sessions
- Presentation of wines:
  - ✓ blind (3-digit code)
  - ✓ Informed (picture of wine bottle and price)
- Consumers rated overall liking and purchase intent for each wine





# Overall Liking and Purchase Intent Informed (total population)





# Overall Liking Informed (total population)



- Positive drivers
  - Price (highest)
  - red colour
  - astringent, drying, throat warming
  - woody/cork, glossy appearance
- Negative drivers
  - + salty
  - + yellow colour
  - dried longan, vinegar aroma
  - sweet flavour, sweet confectionary aroma
- Country effect: Aus and France sig more liked than China

### Informed liking



(29%)dried red date vinegar aroma

- sour and sweet (unbalanced wines)

- price (most important)
- woody/old furniture, woody/cork, dried longan, hawthorn
- Chinese wines

Fr+Chi>Aus

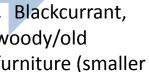
- astringent, drying
- Liking Cluster 2 + Price
- (41%)glossy appearance
- dried red date
- woody/cork
  - Fr+Aus>Chi

- - dried longan
  - confectionary
    - aroma
    - salty taste
  - Chinese wines

- Liking Cluster 3
- salty /salty
- aftertaste
- yellow colour
- Hawthorn (small influence)
  - Aus>Chi

(29%)

- + glossy appearance
  - sweet aftertaste
- woody/old furniture (smaller



influence)

## What are the factors influencing choice for Chinese consumers?



- ✓ Ratings and shelf communication really important
  - Store rating (99 points): most important
- ✓ Price 4<sup>th</sup> most important attribute when choosing a wine: RMB 130 to 190
- ✓ Low importance of label style with modern designs disliked
- ✓ Although 80% of consumers buy at least half of their wines under cork, Closure was the least important attribute
- ✓ Reading an article about Australia increased considerably Australian market share, even after 10 days
- ✓ Showing Chinese consumers that they prefer the taste of Australian wine is an effective way to increase Australian market share

## Conclusions: Chinese usage and attitudes



- ✓ Australia in the top three most consumed wines
  - 24% China, 24% France and 21% Australia
- ✓ One third of the wine consumers have been drinking wine for less than 5 years
- ✓ Wine shop (86%) and Hypermarket (85%) are the most common sources of wine
- ✓ Only half of consumers consider wine an everyday beverage (no changes since 2008)
- ✓ Health and sophistication most important reasons to drink wine

#### Taste Liking Conclusions



#### Informed

- Price very important
- Cluster 3 (30%) not driven by price (lowest knowledge)
- One stable cluster: similar drivers informed and blind (plus price)
- No significant correlation between blind and informed liking or Pintent (p=0.43)
- Total sample of consumers: 11 Barossa Shiraz most liked, Great Wall 3 Stars least liked

#### Thanks to:



Armando Corsi, Ava Huang and Svetlana Bogomolova – UniSA

Danna Li, Fang Tang, AWRI

James Gosper, Willa Yang - Wine Australia

Richard Angove – *Angove* 

Kate Lattey, Sladjan Maksimovic – *Premium Wine Brands* 

Tom Lynar – *Tyrrell's wines* 

Clare Flintoff – *Treasury Wine Estates* 

Nick Yap, Jakub Rys – Australian Vintage

James Wilson – Accolade/Casella Wines

Brooke Halkett – Lion Nathan

Anna Lawrence – McWilliam's Wines

Tragon Corporation and Toluna

Caster Loose - Carsten Loose Sonicart

This project is supported by Australia's grapegrowers and winemakers through their investment body, the Australian Grape and Wine Authority, with matching funds from the Australian Government. The AWRI is a member of the Wine Innovation Cluster in Adelaide, South Australia.



